REMARKS

The amendments above serve to define the invention using variables "M" and "L¹" consistent with other copending applications. Other amendments have bees made to differentiate each side of the urea functional group. Only the amendment to the element "L¹" discussed below, has been made to distinguish the reference WO 97/17328.

Rejection Under 35 USC §103

The substituent L¹, an element within all of the compounds claimed, has been limited by the above amendments and does not encompass 6,7- dialkoxy-4-quinoline or 6,7-dialkoxy-4-quinazoline in that where L¹ is benzopyridine, it can optionally have only have one alkoxy substituent. The structures for Group B of formula I encompass quinoline and quinazoline, however, these structures are directly bound to a urea group, which is not shown in the general formula of WO 97/17329. In compound claims 1-14, the group corresponding to Group A of formula I can be phenyl or naphthyl. The compounds now defined by claims 1-14 are structurally distinct from the compounds generically disclosed by WO 97/17329 and so they are not obvious in view of WO 97/17329.

The method claims have not been amended to limit L^1 of the compounds used with respect to alkoxy substitution on quinoline and quinazoline in that the abstract of WO 97/17329 does not suggest the compounds of this invention are effective raf kinase inhibitors.

In that the neither compounds nor the methods of this invention are suggested by this reference, withdrawal of the rejection under 35 USC §103 based on this reference is appropriate.

Based on the above remarks, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the rejection based on WO 97/017329 and expansion of the examined subject matter to the full scope of the claims. Consideration of the Information Disclosure Statement submitted on December 30, 2002, is also requested.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees associated with this response or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-3402.

Respectfully submitted,

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW THE CHANGES MADE

1. (Amended) A compound of formula I:

$$R^4$$
 R^5
 R^6
 NH
 NH
 NH

wherein

A is

R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are each, independently, H, halogen, NO₂, C₁₋₁₀- alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl, C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy, C₁₋₁₀- alkanoyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkanoyl,

 C_{6-12} aryl, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} alkyl or C_{1-10} alkoxy, or C_{5-12} hetaryl, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} alkyl or C_{1-10} alkoxy,

and either one of R3-R⁶ can be X-Y R³, R4, R⁵ and R⁶ is -M-L¹;

or two adjacent \mathbf{R}^3 - \mathbf{R}^6 -ean together be of \mathbf{R}^3 , \mathbf{R}^4 , \mathbf{R}^5 and \mathbf{R}^6 together are an aryl or hetaryl ring with 5-12 atoms, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, , halo-substituted C_{1-10} -alkyl up to

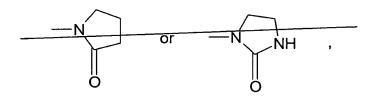
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perhaloalkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halo-substituted C_{1-10} -alkoxy, up to perhaloalkoxy, C_{3-10} -cycloalkyl, C_{2-10} -alkenyl,

 $C_{1\text{--}10}\text{-}alkanoyl,\ C_{6\text{--}12}\text{-}aryl,\ C_{5\text{--}12}\text{-}hetaryl;\ C_{6\text{--}12}\text{-}aralkyl,\ C_{6\text{--}12}\text{-}alkaryl,\ halogen;\ NR^{1}R^{1};$

-NO₂; -CF₃; -COOR¹; -NHCOR¹; -CN; -CONR¹R¹; -SO₂R²; -SOR²; -SR²; in which R¹ is H or C_{1-10} -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl and R² is C_{1-10} -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl, perhalo with $S(O_2)$ -optionally incorporated in the aryl or hetaryl ring;

 $\underline{\mathbf{R}^{3'}}, \mathbf{R}^{4'}, \mathbf{R}^{5'}$ and $\mathbf{R}^{6'}$ are independently H, halogen, $C_1 - C_{10}$ alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,



 C_1 – C_{10} alkoxy optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or –X–Y, and either one of $\mathbb{R}^{4'}$, $\mathbb{R}^{5'}$ or $\mathbb{R}^{6'}$ is –X–Y or two adjacent of $\mathbb{R}^{3'}$, $\mathbb{R}^{4'}$, $\mathbb{R}^{5'}$ and $\mathbb{R}^{6'}$, together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl group, are a hetaryl ring with 5-12 atoms optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{1-10} alkanoyl, C_{6-12} aryl, C_{5-12} hetaryl or C_{6-12} aralkyl;

R^{6'}—is additionally NHCOR¹, NR¹COR¹ or NO₂;

R¹ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo;

R^{3'}— is H, halogen, C₁—C₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl, C₁—C₁₀ alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy;

 $\times M$ is -CH₂-, -S-, -N(CH₃)-, -NHC(O)- -CH₂-S-, -S-CH₂-, -C(O)-, or -O-; and

X is additionally a single bond where Y is pyridyl; and

 Ψ <u>L</u>¹ is phenyl, <u>optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃, NO₂ or,</u>

$$-$$

pyridyl, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃, or NO₂, naphthyl, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃ or NO₂, pyridone, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃ or NO₂, pyrazine, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃ or NO₂, pyrimidine, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halogen, OH,

-SCH₃ or NO₂,

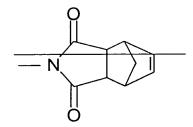
benzodiaxane benzodioxane, optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, halogen, OH,

-SCH₃ or NO₂,

benzopyridine, optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, one C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, halogen, OH,

-SCH₃ or NO₂ or

benzothiazole, [each] optionally substituted by, C_{1-10} alkyl C_{1-10} alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃ or NO_{2i} [(or, where Y is phenyl by



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

with the proviso that if X is O- or -S-, $R^{3'}$ and $R^{6'}$ are H, and Y is phenyl unsubstituted by OH, then R^6 is alkoxy.

- 2. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, having a pKa greater than 10.
- 3. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

 R^3 is H, halogen or C_{1-10} - alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl;

R⁴ is H, halogen or NO₂;

 R^5 is H, halogen or C_{1-10} - alkyl;

 R^6 is H, C_{1-10} - alkoxy, thiophene, pyrole or methyl substituted pyrole,

 $R^{3'}$ is H, halogen, C_{4-10} -alkyl, CH_3 , or CF_3 and

R^{6'} is H, halogen CH₃, CF₃ or -OCH₃.

4. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein

$$\mathbb{R}^3$$
 $\mathbb{R}^{3'}$ is C_{4-10} -alkyl, Cl, F or \mathbb{CF}_3 ;

$$\mathbb{R}^{4-}\mathbb{R}^{4'}$$
 is H, Cl or F or NO₂;

$$\mathbf{R^5}$$
 $\mathbf{R^5}$ is H, Cl, F or C₄₋₁₀-alkyl; and

$$\mathbf{R}^6$$
 $\mathbf{R}^{6'}$ is H or OCH₃.

- 5. (Amended) A compound according to claim 4, wherein $\mathbb{R}^3 \mathbb{R}^{3'}$ or $\mathbb{R}^5 \mathbb{R}^{5'}$ is t-butyl.
- 6. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein \mathbf{X} $\mathbf{\underline{M}}$ is $-CH_2$ -, $-N(CH_3)$ -or -NHC(O)-.
 - 7. (Amended) A compound according to claim 6, wherein $\mathbf{Y} \mathbf{L}^{1}$ is phenyl or pyridyl.
 - 8. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein $\times \underline{\mathbf{M}}$ is $-\mathbf{O}$ -.
- 9. (Amended) A compound according to claim 8, wherein \mathbf{Y} $\mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{l}}$ is phenyl, pyridyl pyridone or benzothiazole.
 - 10. (Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein \mathbf{X} \mathbf{M} is -S-.
- 11. (Amended) A compound according to claim 10, wherein \mathbf{Y} $\mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{1}}$ is phenyl or pyridyl.
- 15. (Amended) A method for the treatment of a cancerous cell growth mediated by raf kinase, comprising administering a compound of formula II:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

A is

B is a substituted or unsubstituted, up to trievelie bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl moiety of up to 30 12 carbon atoms with at least one 6-member aromatic structure containing 0-4 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, wherein if B is substituted it is substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, up to per-halo, and W_n, wherein n is 0-3 and each W is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO₂R⁷, -C(O)NR⁷R⁷,

-C(O)-R⁷, -NO₂, -OR⁷, - SR⁷, - NR⁷R⁷, -NR⁷C(O)OR⁷, -NR⁷C(O)R⁷, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl, C₁-C₁₀ alkenyl, C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₄ aryl, optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, or C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy; C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl, optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, or C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy; C₃-C₁₃ heteroaryl, optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, or C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy; C₄-C₂₃ alkheteroaryl, optionally substituted with halogen, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, or C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy; substituted C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, substituted C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl, substituted C₁-C₁₀ alkenyl, substituted C₄-C₂₃ alkheteroaryl and -M-L¹ Q-Ar;

wherein if W is a substituted group which does not contain aryl or hetaryl moieties, it is substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of – CN, $-CO_2R^7$, $-C(O)R^7$, $-C(O)NR^7R^7$, $-OR^7$, $-SR^7$, $-NR^7R^7$, NO_2 , $-NR^7C(O)R^7$, $-NR^7C(O)OR^7$ and halogen up to per-halo;

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wherein each R⁷ is independently selected from H, C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl, C₃-C₁₀

B

cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₄ aryl, C₃-C₁₃ hetaryl, C₇-C₂₄ alkaryl, C₄-C₂₃ alkheteroaryl, up to perhalosubstituted C₁-C₁₀ alkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl, up to per-halosubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, up to per-halosubstituted C₆-C₁₄ aryl and up to per-halosubstituted C₃-C₁₃ hetaryl,

wherein Θ \underline{M} is - O-, -S-, -N(R⁷)-, -(CH₂)-m, -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -(CH₂)mO-, -NR⁷C(O) NR⁷R⁷-, -NR⁷C(O)-, -C(O)NR⁷-, -(CH₂)mS-, -(CH₂)mN(R⁷)-, -O(CH₂)m-, -CHX^a, -CX^a₂-, -S-(CH₂)m- and -N(R⁷)(CH₂)m-,

m = 1-3, and X^a is halogen; and

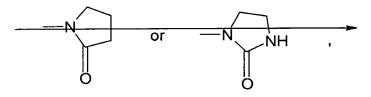
Ar \underline{L}^1 is a 5-10 member aromatic structure containing 0-2 members of the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulfur, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen up to per-halo and optionally substituted by Z_{n1} , wherein n1 is 0 to 3 and each Z is independently selected from the group consisting of -CN, $-CO_2R^7$,

 $-C(O)NR^7R^7$, $-C(O)-NR^7$, $-NO_2$, $-OR^7$, $-SR^7$, $-NR^7R^7$, $-NR^7C(O)OR^7$, $-C(O)R^7$,

-NR 7 C(O)R 7 , C1-C10 alkyl, C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C6-C14 aryl, C3-C13 hetaryl, C7-C24 alkaryl, C4-C23 alkheteroaryl, substituted C1-C10 alkyl, substituted C3-C10 cycloalkyl, substituted C7-C24 alkaryl and substituted C4-C23 alkheteroaryl; wherein the one or more substituents of Z is selected from the group consisting of -CN, -CO2R 7 ,

 $-C(O)NR^7R^7$, $-OR^7$, $-SR^7$, $-NO_2$, $-NR^7R^7$, $-NR^7C(O)R^7$ and $-NR^7C(O)OR^7$,

wherein R³', R⁴', R⁵'and R⁶' are each independently H, halogen, C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,



 C_1 – C_{10} alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or –X–Y, and

either one of R^{4'}, R^{5'} or R^{6'} is X-Y or two adjacent of R^{3'}, R^{4'}, R^{5'} and R^{6'} together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl group; are a hetaryl ring with 5-12 atoms optionally

substituted by <u>halogen up to perhalo</u>, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{2-10} alkenyl, C_{1-10} alkanoyl, C_{6-12} aryl, C_{5-12} hetaryl or C_{6-12} aralkyl;

R⁶ is additionally NHCOR¹, NR¹COR¹ or NO₂;

R¹ is C₁₋₁₀ alkyl optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo;

 $R^{3'}$ is independently H, halogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy;

$$X = is CH_2$$
, $S = N(CH_3)$, $NHC(O)$, $CH_2 \cdot S$, $C(O)$, or O ;

X is additionally a single bond where Y is pyridyl; and

Y is phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, pyridone, pyrazine, pyrimidine, benzodioxane, benzopyridine or benzothiazole, each optionally substituted by

C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, halogen, OH, SCH₃, or NO₂ or, where Y is phenyl, by

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

16. (Amended) A method <u>for the treatment of a cancerous cell growth mediated</u>

<u>by raf kinase</u>, according to claim 15, comprising administering a compound of formula

IIa:

$$R^{4}$$
 R^{5}
 R^{6}
 NH
 NH
 NH
IIa

wherein

A is

R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are each independently H, halogen, NO₂, C₁₋₁₀- alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl, or C₁₋₁₀-alkoxy, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy, , C₁₋₁₀- alkanoyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkanoyl, C₆₋₁₂ aryl, optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, or C₅₋₁₂ hetaryl, optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀ alkyl or C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy,

and either one of \mathbb{R}^3 - \mathbb{R}^6 -can be X-Y \mathbb{R}^3 , \mathbb{R}^4 , \mathbb{R}^5 and \mathbb{R}^6 is -M-L¹;

or two adjacent \mathbf{R}^3 - \mathbf{R}^6 -can together be of \mathbf{R}^3 , \mathbf{R}^4 , \mathbf{R}^5 and \mathbf{R}^6 together are an aryl or hetaryl ring with 5-12 atoms, optionally substituted by C_{1-10} -alkyl, halo-substituted C_{1-10} -alkyl up to perhaloalkyl, C_{1-10} -alkoxy, halo-substituted C_{1-10} -alkoxy, up to perhaloalkoxy, C_{3-10} -cycloalkyl, C_{2-10} -alkenyl,

 $C_{1\text{-}10}$ -alkanoyl; $C_{6\text{-}12}$ -aryl, $C_{5\text{-}12}$ -hetaryl, $C_{6\text{-}12}$ -alkaryl, halogen; $-NR^1R^1$; $-NO_2$; $-CF_3$; $-COOR^1$; $-NHCOR^1$; -CN; $-CONR^1R^1$; $-SO_2R^2$; $-SOR^2$; $-SR^2$; in which R^1 is H or $C_{1\text{-}10}$ -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhalo and R^2 is $C_{1\text{-}10}$ -alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhalo, with $-SO_2$ - optionally incorporated in the aryl or hetaryl ring, and $-R^{3'}$ - $-R^{6'}$ are as defined in claim 15.

R^{3'}, R^{4'}, R^{5'} and R^{6'} are independently H, halogen, C₁ - C₁₀ alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkyl,

 $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_{10}}$ alkoxy optionally substituted by halogen up to perhaloalkoxy or two adjacent of $R^{3'}$, $R^{4'}$, $R^{5'}$ and $R^{6'}$, together with the base phenyl, form a naphthyl group optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo, $\underline{C_{1-10}}$ alkyl, $\underline{C_{1-10}}$ alkoxy, $\underline{C_{3-10}}$ cycloalkyl, $\underline{C_{2-10}}$ alkenyl, $\underline{C_{1-10}}$ alkanoyl,

 $\frac{C_{6-12} \text{ aryl, } C_{5-12} \text{ hetaryl or } C_{6-12} \text{ aralkyl, halogen up to perhalo;}}{R^1 \text{ is } C_{1-10} \text{ alkyl optionally substituted by halogen up to perhalo;}}$

M is $-CH_{2-}$, $-S_{-}$, $-N(CH_{3})_{-}$, $-NHC(O)_{-}$, $-CH_{2-}$, $-S_{-}$, $-C(O)_{-}$, or $-O_{-}$; and

is phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, pyridone, pyrazine, pyrimidine, benzodiaxane,

benzopyridine or benzothiazole, each optionally substituted by C₁₋₁₀-alkyl, C₁₋₁₀
alkoxy, halogen, OH, -SCH₃, NO₂ or, where Y is phenyl, by

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

17. A method according to claim 16, wherein

 R^3 is halogen or C_{1-10} - alkyl, optionally substituted by halogen, up to perhaloalkyl;

R⁴ is H, halogen or NO₂;

R⁵ is H, halogen or C₁₋₁₀- alkyl;

R⁶ is H [or] C₁₋₁₀- alkoxy, thiophene, pyrole or methylsubstituted pyrole

R3' is H, halogen, C4-10-alkyl, CH3, or CF3 and

R⁶ is H, halogen, CH₃, CF₃ or OCH₃.

- 18. A method according to claim 16, wherein $\times \underline{\mathbf{M}}$ is -CH₂-, or -S-, -N(CH₃)- or -NHC(O)- and $\times \underline{\mathbf{L}}^1$ is phenyl or pyridyl.
 - 19. A method according to claim 16, wherein $\times \underline{\mathbf{M}}$ is $-\mathbf{O}$ and $\times \underline{\mathbf{L}}^1$ is phenyl, pyridone, pyrimidine, pyridyl or benzothiazole.